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SAFELY DATA SHEET				
Issued: 2024-02-28	Version: 1.0	Revised:		
Section 1. Name of the substa	nce/mixture and the company/undertaking			
1.1 Product designation	Concrete Saletter Demover Diret Off DTU			
Trade name:	Concrete Splatter Remover Blast-Off RTU			
UFI:	KK13-0A2D-440Q-F2Y2			
1.2. Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Area of use: Removal of concr	ete from surfaces and tools, ready-mixed solution			
1.3. More information about t	he supplier of safety data sheets			
Address:	Hydratec Scandinavia AB			
Hallsbergstermina	alen 11 694 35 HALLSBERG			
	1 elephone. 010-565			
	Z 1 00.			
1.4. Telephone number for	or emergencies			
	112 – request poison information			
Section 2. Hazardous	Properties			
2.1. Classification of the subs	stance or mixture			
Classification: Skin Corr. 1B; H314, Eye Dam. 1; H318				
HEALTH				
Inhalation of mist can cause bu	rning, coughing and breathing problems. Risk of lung damage at high concentrations.	May cause		
caustic damage to the skin with	blisters and sores. Splashes in the eyes cause pain and caustic ulcers. Risk of			
permanent visual impairment. Serious caustic damage if swallowed, with burning pain, vomiting, diarrhea and possibly				
severe general impact.				
i ne product contains no environmentally hazardous substances.				
The product is not flammable.				
2.2. Labeling information				
Hazard nictograms:	\sim			
nazaru piciografiis.				
Signal words:	Danger			

Hazard statements: H314

Causes serious corrosive damage to skin and eyes.

Precautionary statements: P260, P280, P301+P330+P331, P303+P361+P353, P305+P351+P338, P310, P501

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Do not inhale dust/fumes/gases/m	- nist/vapours/spray.	
Use protective gloves/protective	clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately of	contact a POISON CENTER or doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting.	
IN CASE OF SKIN CONTACT with water/shower.	(including hair): Immediately remove all splashed clothing. Rinse skin	
IF IN EYES: Rinse carefully with	water for several minutes. Remove any contact lenses if possible. Continue rins	ing.
Contact the POISON CENTER of	or doctor immediately	
Dispose of the contents/contained	er to a waste facility in accordance with local and national regulations.	
Contains:	Carboxylic acid	

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture contains no substances that meet the criteria for PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative) in accordance with Annex XIII (Reach).

The mixture contains no substances with hormone-disrupting properties in a concentration exceeding 0.1% by weight.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Classification of substances according to CLP, 1272/2008/EC

Hazardous substances Cor	tent, % CAS n	o EC no		REACH	Hazard class/	Hazard statements
				registration	category	
				number		
Carboxylic acid	5-<10	-	-		Skin Corr. 1B	H314
					Eye Dam. 1	H318
					Acute Tox. 4	H332
Other subjects				*		
(2-Methoxymethyl-	1-3	34590-94-8	252-104-2		NC	NC
ethoxy)-propanolHGV						
Impurity in						
carboxylic acid				*		
Methoxyacetic acid	>0.01-<	625-45-6	210-894-6		Acute Tox. 4	H302
	0.02				Skin Corr. 1B	H314
					Rep. 1B	H360FD

* All listed substances are registered according to REACH, 1907/2006/EC

Hazard statements in plain text: H302 = Harmful if swallowed, H314 = Causes serious skin and eye irritation, H318 = Causes serious eye damage, H332 = Harmful if inhaled, H360FD = May damage fertility or the unborn child, NC = not classified (not classified).

Note HGV (The substance has a hygienic limit value, AFS 2018:1)

Section 4. First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

If mist inhaled - Fresh air, warmth and rest, preferably in a comfortable semi-sitting position. Ev. breathing aid. Contact a doctor.

Skin contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, if necessary also inside the clothes. Remove splashed clothing. Corrosion must be treated by a doctor.

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Splash in the eyes

Important! Rinse immediately with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes (keep eyelids wide apart, remove any contact lenses). Immediately to the hospital, ophthalmologist.

Ingestion

Immediately give a couple of glasses of milk or water if the victim is fully conscious. Do **not** induce vomiting! Immediately to hospital.

4.2. The most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation

Inhalation of **mist** can cause irritation with burning, coughing and breathing problems. **Skin contact**

Skin contact can cause caustic damage with burning, redness, blisters and sores.

Splashing in the

eyes Splashing in the eyes causes pain and caustic wounds. Risk of permanent visual impairment, blindness.

Ingestion

Serious caustic damage if swallowed, with burning pain, vomiting, diarrhea and possibly severe general effects (shock).

4.3 Indication of immediate medical treatment and special treatment that may be required

As a general rule, if there is doubt or the problem persists, you should always contact a doctor. Never give an unconscious person anything to eat or drink.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

The product is not flammable. Ambient fire can be extinguished with powder, carbon dioxide or foam.

5.2. Special hazards that the substance or mixture may present

Harmful smoke consisting of carbon oxides is formed in case of fire.

5.3. Advice for firefighting personnel

In the event of an extensive fire, use smoke diving equipment (fire suit, compressed air apparatus) when extinguishing the fire as protection against smoke/gases.

Section 6. Accidental Release Actions

6.1. Personal protective measures, protective equipment and measures in emergency situations

Use chemical-resistant gloves and eye protection as well as full-coverage protective clothing made of rubber or rubberimpregnated fabric. See also "personal protective equipment" section 8.

6.2. Environmental protection measures

Prevent large quantities from being released into drains. In the event of a larger spill, contact the emergency services. In the event of a major spillage in water, notify the waterworks or sewage treatment plant. In the event of a spill that poses a risk of environmental damage, contact the responsible person in the municipality.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleanup

Filled in with sand, earth or the like and collected. Collected material is handled according to section 13.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 1 for emergency phone numbers.

See Section 8 for information on suitable personal protective equipment.

See section 13 for further information regarding waste management.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Containers are kept closed as far as possible. Make sure there is good air circulation in the warehouse and in the workplace. Avoid contact with eyes and skin and inhalation of spray mist due to the risk of corrosion. If direct contact, or splashes, cannot be avoided, personal protective equipment should be used, see section 8. Wash hands after use, and remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before meals.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store cool, but frost-free, as well as dry and away from sources of fire.

7.3. Specific end use

The product is applied with a brush or by spraying (whereby a foam is formed). More applications may be needed to remove all the concrete and brushing of the treated surface. With small hand tools, the concrete can be removed by placing the tools in the concentrated solution. The product contains a pH-sensitive red color that disappears (i.e. the solution clears) when the purification process is completed.

Section 8. Exposure Limits/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Reference: AFS 2018:1 (Hygienic limit values)

Chemical name	Level limit value	Short-term limit value	Remark
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	50 ppm (300 mg/m3)	75 ppm (450 mg/m3)	Note H (The substance can be easily absorbed through the skin) Note V (Indicative short- term limit value)

8.2. Limitation of exposure

8.2.1. Appropriate technical control measures

Avoid direct contact with the product. Emergency showers and the possibility of eyewash must be available at the workplace.

8.2.2. Individual protective measures, e.g. personal protective equipment a)

Eye protection/face protection

Eye protection (goggles) with side protection when applying the product. See SS-EN 166.

b) Skin protection

Full protective clothing made of rubber or rubber-impregnated fabric and protective gloves (made of e.g. rubber) must be used when applying the product. See SS-EN 374.

c) Respiratory protection

Full-face mask with particle filter P2 or breathing apparatus may be required for mist-forming handling. See SS-EN 136.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Color	Light red
Odor	Slightly sweet
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling	100°C
point range	
Flammability	Not flammable
Lower and upper explosion limit	Not specified
Flash point	Not specified
Self-ignition temperature	Not specified
Decomposition temperature	Not specified
pH value	> 3.0
Kinematic viscosity	Not specified
Solubility - water	Completely soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Vapor	Not specified
pressure	Not specified
Density and/or relative density	< 1080 mg/m3
Relative vapor	Not specified
density Particle properties	Not specified

9.2. Other information

Missing.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not reactive in intended use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable in intended use.

10.3. The risk of dangerous reactions

No dangerous reactions expected.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Can react with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of a fire, harmful smoke is formed consisting of, among other things, of carbon oxides.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Test data

The product

Outcome measure	Estimated acute toxicity of the product (ATE mixture)
Acute toxicity, inhalation LC50:	60 mg/L (mist/dust)

Carboxylic acid containing <0.3% methoxyacetic acid

Relevant hazard class	Effective dose/		Method	Remark
	Species concentration			
a) Acute toxicity				
Oral	LD50:	Rat	EPA OPP	Not classified.
	2040 mg/kg		81-1	Study according to GLP
Dermal	Not available	n/a	n/a	No dermal toxicity expected due to
				low potential for absorption
		5		
Inhalation	LC50: 3.6	Rat OECD 4	03 H332 (Harmfu	by inhalation)
	mg/L, 4 hours			
b) Corrosive/irritating to the	99% acid, 4	Rabbit OEC	D 404 H314 (Cau	ses severe skin and eye
skin	hours			corrosion)
c) Serious eye damage/eye	57% acid, 24	Rabbit OEC	D 405 H318 (Cau	ses serious eye damage)
irritation	hours			
d) Respiratory	Skin contact	Guinea pig (DECD 406 The ac	id is not sensitizing
/skin sensitization				
e) Germ cell mutagenicity n/a	f)	n/a/	WoE	Negative (not mutagenic)
Carcinogenicity n/ag) Reprod	uctive	а	WoE	Negative (not carcinogenic)
toxicity < 0.3% methoxyacetic	acid	-	-	Negative (not toxic to reproduction)
h) Specific organ toxicity –	n/a			Not considered to cause damage
single exposure				
i) Specific organ toxicity –	NOAEL:	Rat OECD 4	08 Not assessed	to cause damage upon repeated
repeated exposure	>150 mg/kg			exposure
	body weight/day			
j) Aspiration hazard	n/a			Not judged to pose a danger in case
				of aspiration

Comment

The amount of methoxyacetic acid in the finished product is less than 0.02%, which is why the product is not classified as toxic to reproduction.

Symptoms and delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects of short-term and long-term

exposure

Inhalation

Inhalation of **mist** can cause irritation with burning, coughing and breathing problems. **Skin contact**

Skin contact can cause caustic damage with burning, redness, blisters and sores.

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Splashing in the

eyes Splashing in the eyes causes pain and caustic ulcers. Risk of permanent visual impairment, blindness.

Ingestion

Serious caustic damage if swallowed, with burning pain, vomiting, diarrhea and possibly severe general effects (shock).

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture contains no substances with hormone-disrupting properties in a concentration exceeding 0.1% by weight.

Section 12. Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

<u>Carboxylic</u>

acid Relevant hazard	class	Species	Exposure time	Results
Effect Acute toxicity,	fish LC50	Pimephales	96h	164 mg/L
		promelase		-
Acute toxicity,	EC50, OECD 202 Dap	nnia magna	48h	141 mg/L
Daphnia				
Acute toxicity, algae Er	C50, OECD 201 Pseudol	kirchneriella subcapitata	72h	44 mg/L

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Carboxylic acid			
Aerobic/anaerobic degradation	-		
Persistence and degradability	Easily biodegradable. 78%		
	degradation after 11 days (OECD 301).		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Carboxylic acid	
BCF/log Pow	-
Bioaccumulative potential	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate in the
	aquatic environment.

12.4. Movement in soil

Carboxylic acid			
Кос	-		
Mobility in soil	Water soluble.		
	Liquid under normal conditions.		

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains no substances that meet the criteria for PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative) in accordance with Annex XIII (Reach).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture contains no substances with hormone-disrupting properties in a concentration exceeding 0.1% by weight.

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12.7. Other harmful effects

Not expected to have an ozone-depleting potential, photochemical ozone-forming potential, or global warming potential.

Overall rating:

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous.

Section 13. Waste Management

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Unused and used product

Waste code: 20 01 14 (explanation: Separately collected fractions: Acids).

Constitutes hazardous waste (SFS 2020:614, Waste Ordinance). If spillage or waste cannot be recycled in-house (note! permit requirements) contact a contractor approved by the municipality or the county board. Please note that classification of waste is the responsibility of the user.

Emptying instructions for packaging

Completely emptied packaging can be returned to packaging recycling.

- Turn the emptied packaging upside down for drainage.
- Collect the residual contents for use and disposal.
- Wait until the packaging is dripping dry.
- Sort the inner packaging as SOFT PLASTIC PACKAGING and the outer packaging as CARDBOARD / CORRUGATED CARDBOARD

Handling of packaging Well-

emptied (drip-free) packaging is not hazardous waste.

Hydratec Scandinavia AB is connected to FTI, the company responsible for collecting etc. of used packaging. For questions about local collection - call FTI, phone: 0200-88 03 10.

Section 14. Shipping Information

14.1. UN number: UN1760

14.2. Official shipping name: Corrosive liquid, nos (carboxylic acid)

14.3. Danger class for transport: 8

14.4. Packaging group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards: the product is not hazardous to the environment

14.6. Special protective measures: Sea (EMS): FA, SB 14.7.

Bulk transport by sea according to IMO instruments: Not applicable

Section 15. Applicable Regulations

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation on the substance or mixture National regulations:

AFS 2018:1, Hygienic limit values SFS

2020:614, Waste regulation

EU regulations

Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(1), Candidate List:

Chemical name	Reason for introduction	Date of introduction	

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Methoxyacetic acid CAS number 625-45-6 EC number 210-894-6	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	19-December-2012

Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV (the authorization list): The mixture does not contain any substances listed in Annex XIV.

Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII (restriction list):

Chemical name	Limitation (column 1)	Remark (column 2)
Methoxyacetic acid	30	May not be sold to the public in concentrations >0.3%
CAS number 625-45-6		
EC number 210-894-6		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not carried out a chemical safety assessment of the mixture.

16. Other information

Reference to important literature and data sources

Safety Data Sheet, Concrete splatter remover RTU. 12-21-2023.

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